

# From shape-controlled nanoparticles to "colloidal molecules"

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Institut de Chimie de la Matière Condensée de Bordeaux



# Colloids: Towards higher complexity and functionality



**Colloidal stability**

**Size**

**Size-polydispersity**

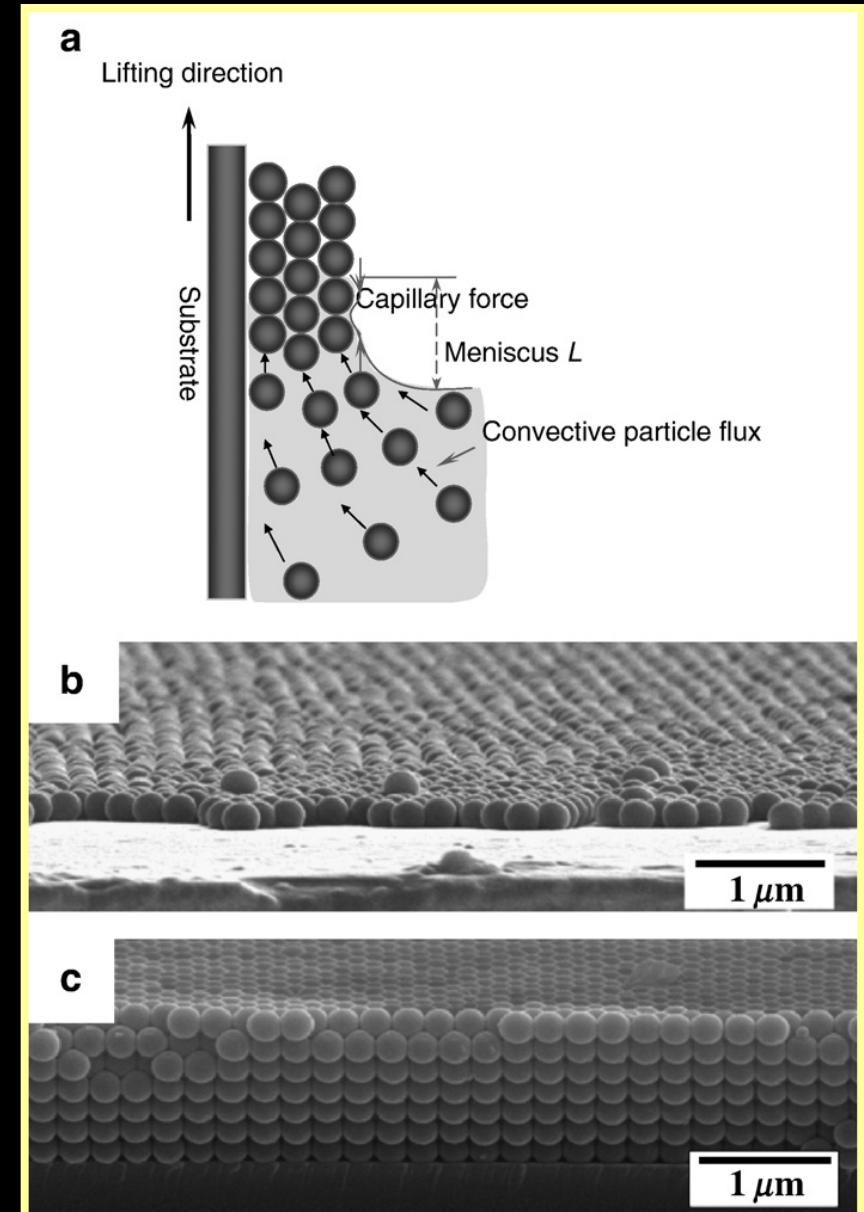
**Chemical composition**

**Surface groups**

**Shape**

**Self-assembling ability**

**"spherical colloids can be treated as if they were atoms"**



# Colloids: Towards higher complexity and functionality



Colloidal stability

Size

Size-polydispersity

Chemical composition

Surface groups

Shape

Self-assembling ability

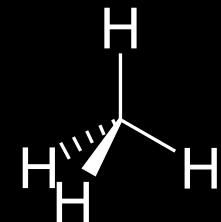
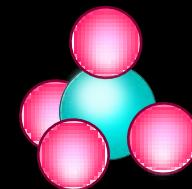
**"spherical colloids can be treated  
as if they were atoms"**

and

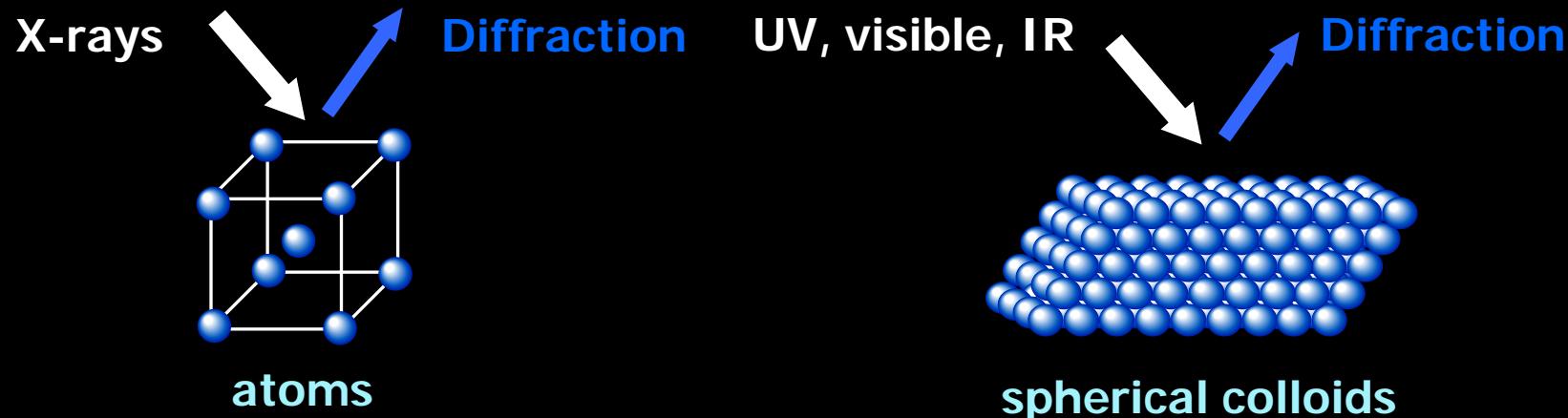
**"molecules form more complex  
materials than do atoms"**



**Colloidal Molecules**

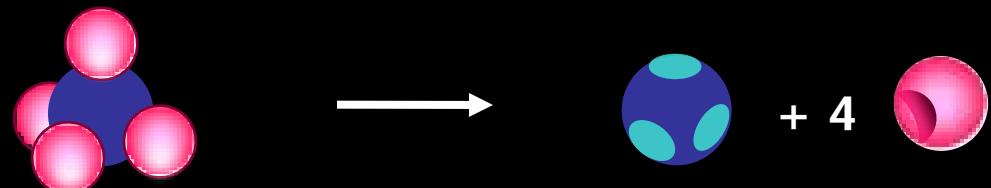


# Photonic crystals with full bandgap

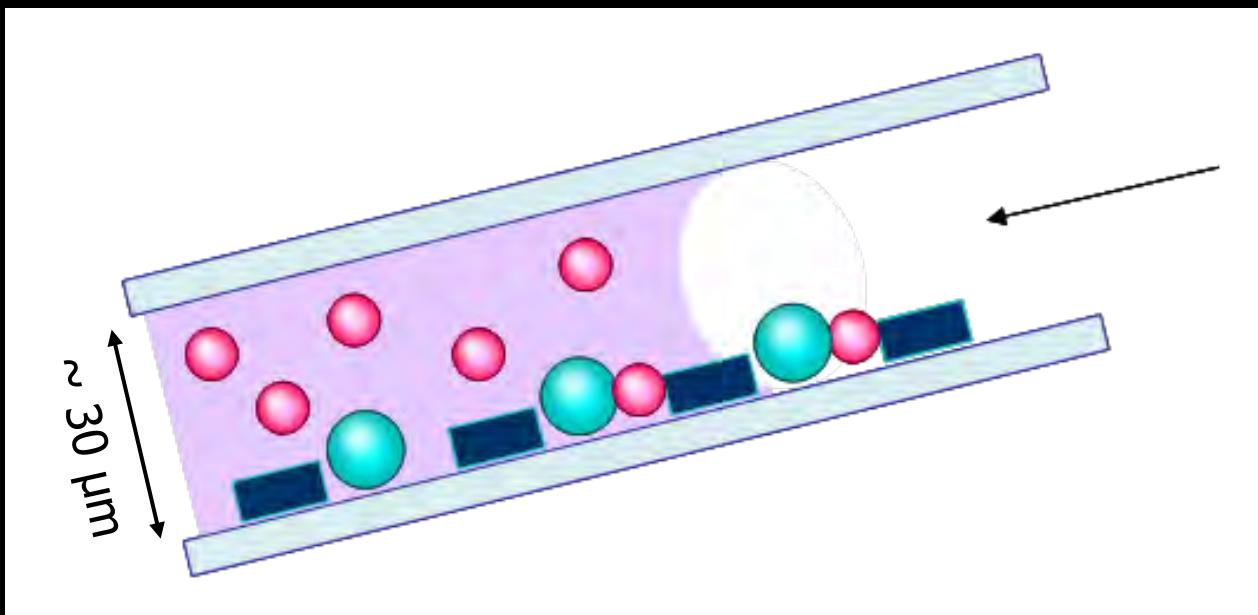


fcc or hcp structure → no full photonic bandgap

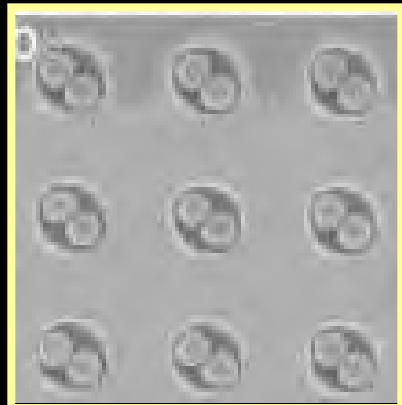
full photonic bandgap  
→ diamond-like structure



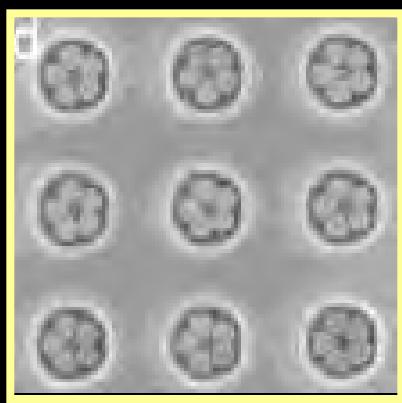
# Template-directed self-assembly route



$2 \mu\text{m}$

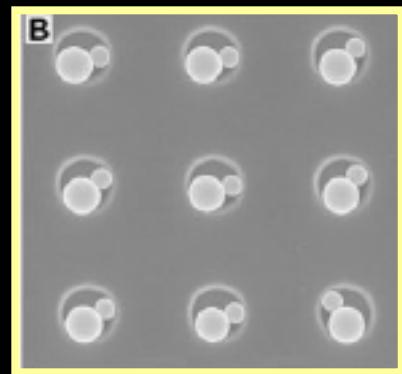


$2 \mu\text{m}$



**Combined effect of  
geometrical confinement and  
attractive capillary forces**

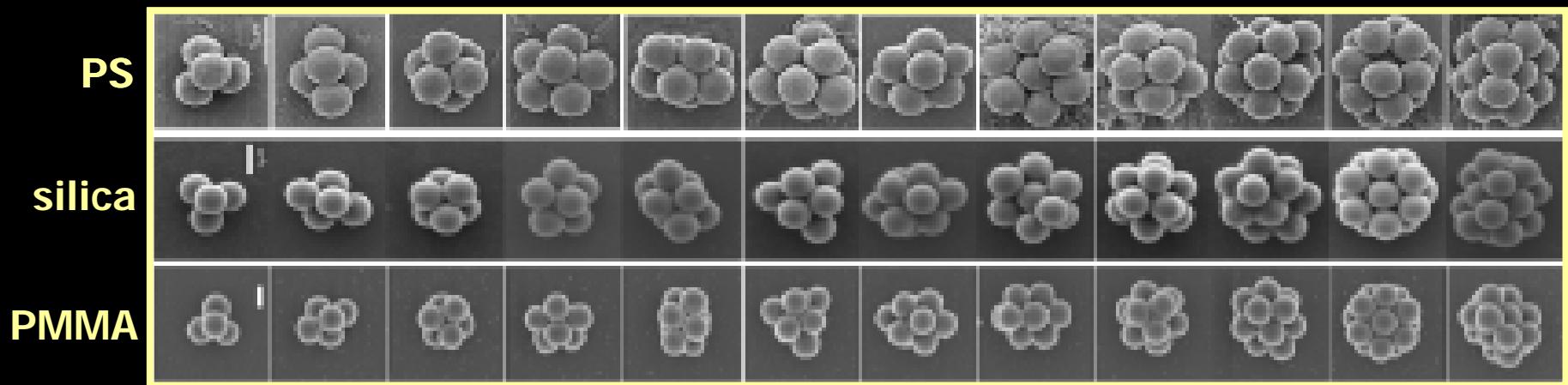
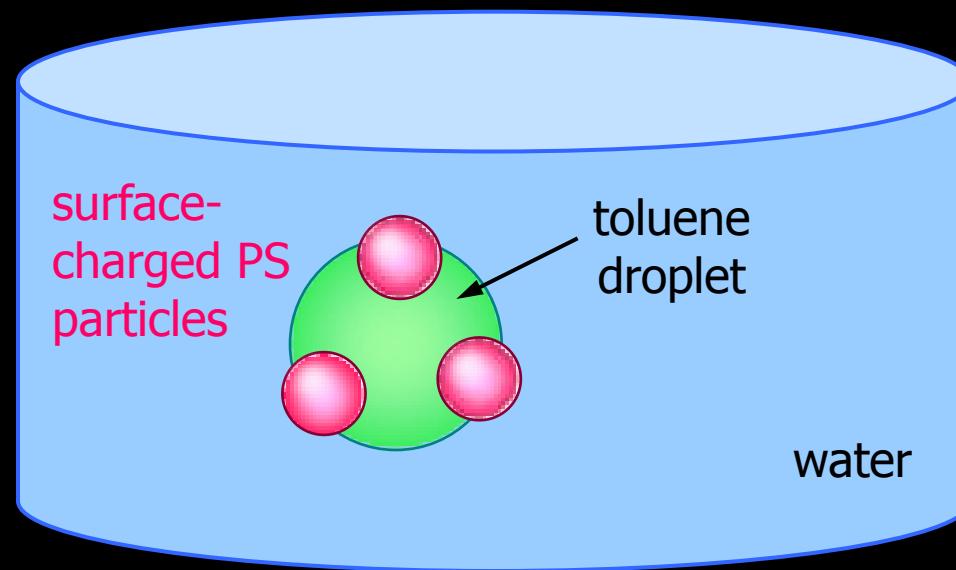
$2 \mu\text{m}$



Yin and Xia, *Adv. Mater.* 2001 13, 267

Yin, Lu and Xia, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2001 123, 771

# Emulsion-confined self-assembly route



scale bar : 1  $\mu$ m

Manoharan, Elsesser and Pine, *Science* 2003 301, 483

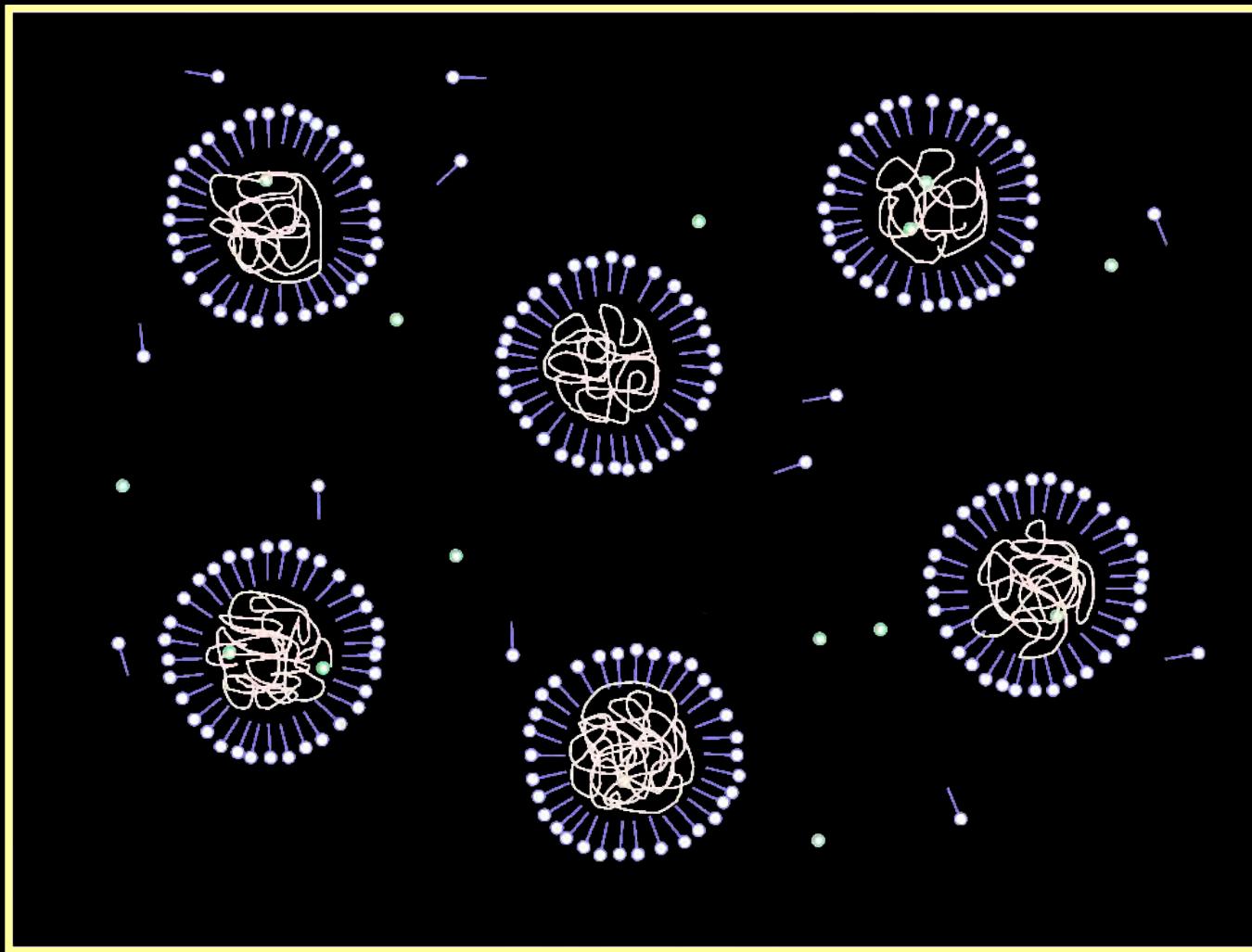
Pine and coll., *Adv. Mater.* 2004 16, 1204



Our route based on  
the controlled surface nucleation/growth  
of PS latex particles onto silica seeds



# Emulsion polymerization background

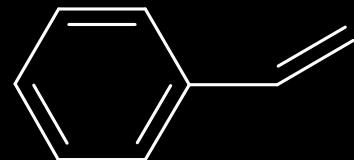




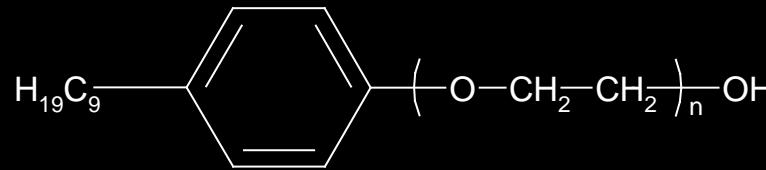
# Styrene emulsion polymerization

## Our polymerization system

Monomer : **styrene**

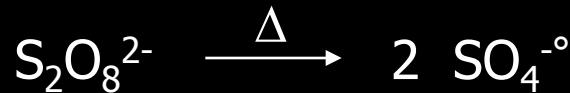


Surfactant : **NP30**



$n \sim 30$   
CMC = 0.15 g.L<sup>-1</sup>

Initiator : **Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>**

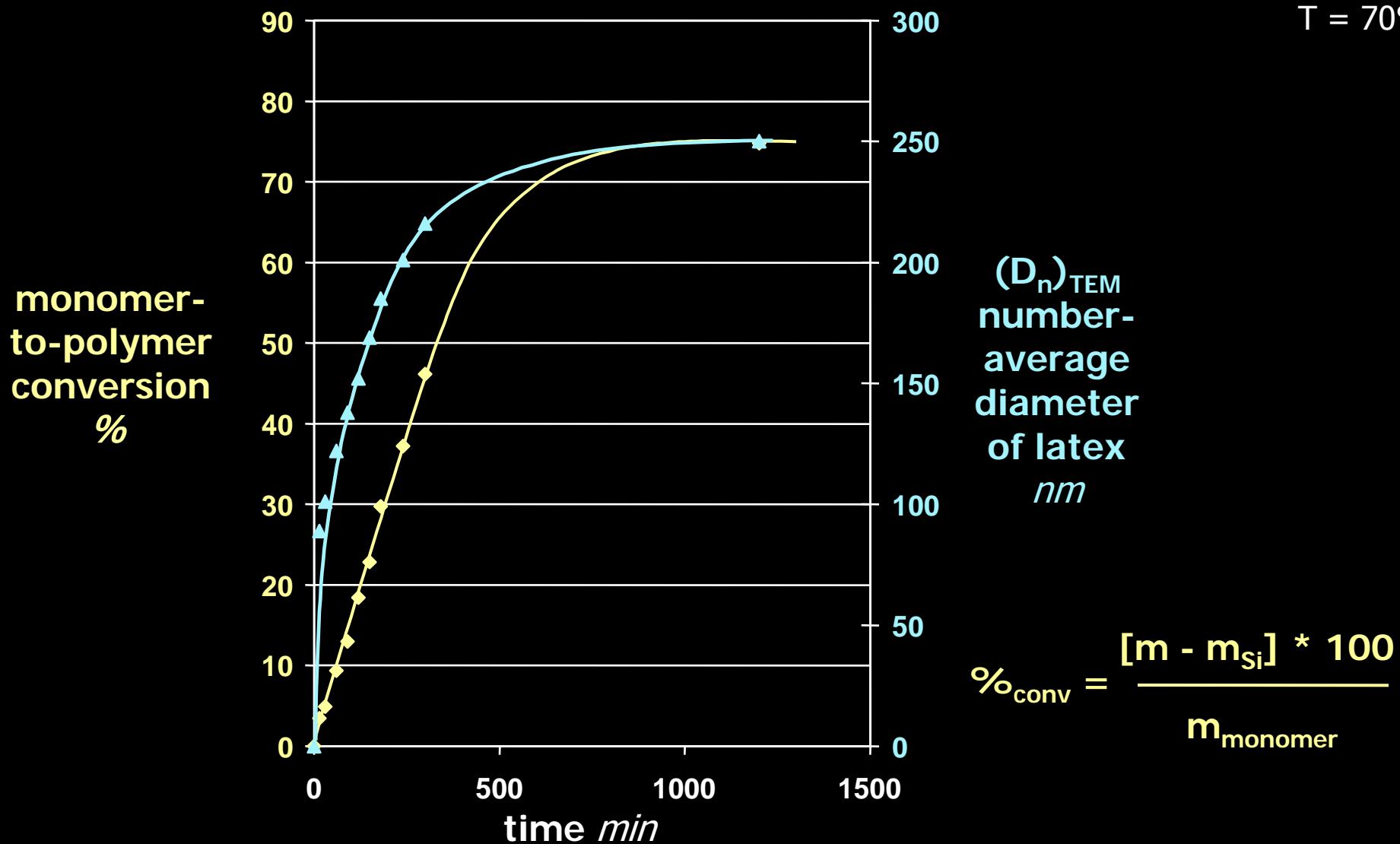




# Styrene emulsion polymerization

experimental

[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
T = 70°C

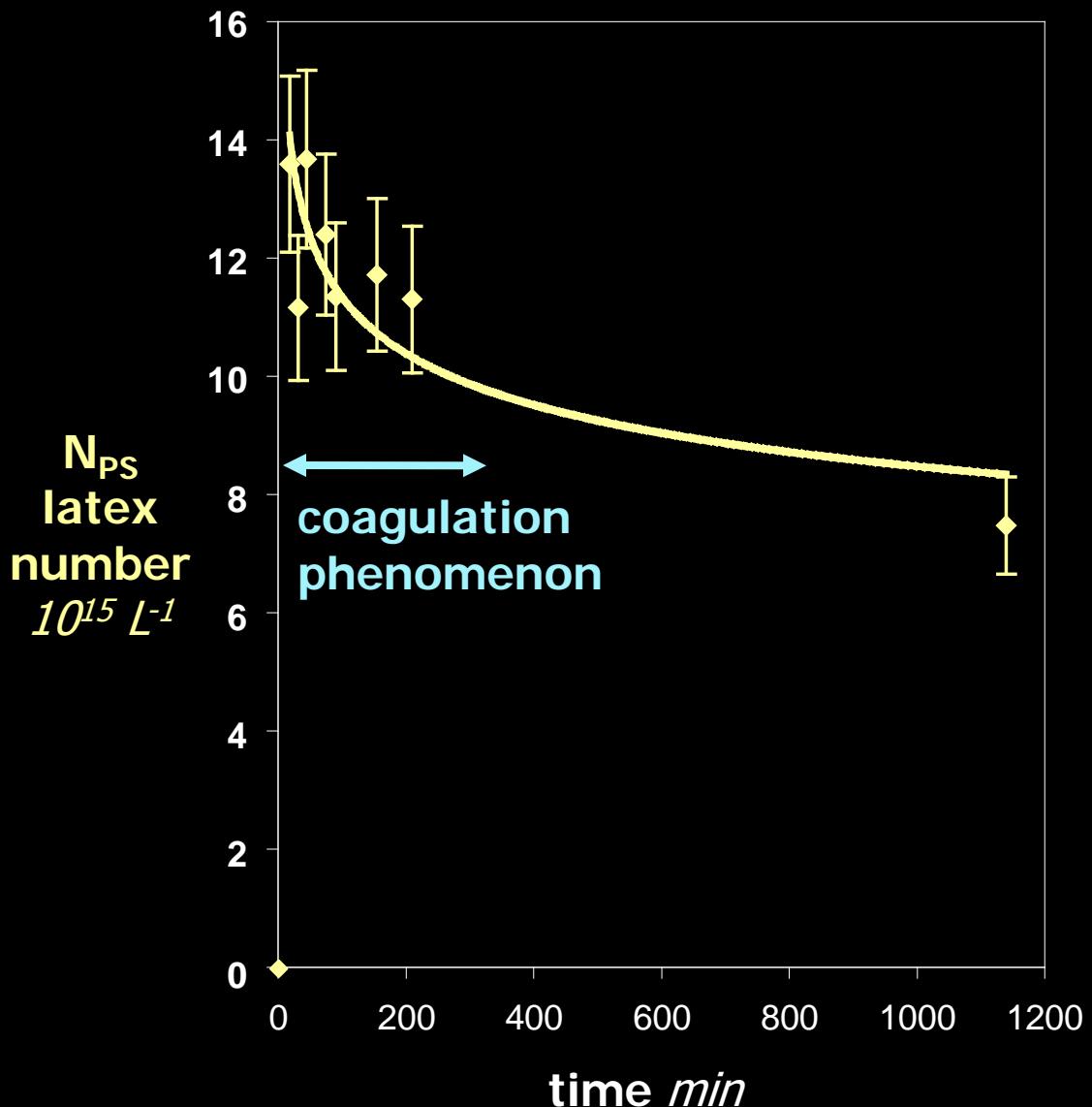




# Styrene emulsion polymerization

experimental

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[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
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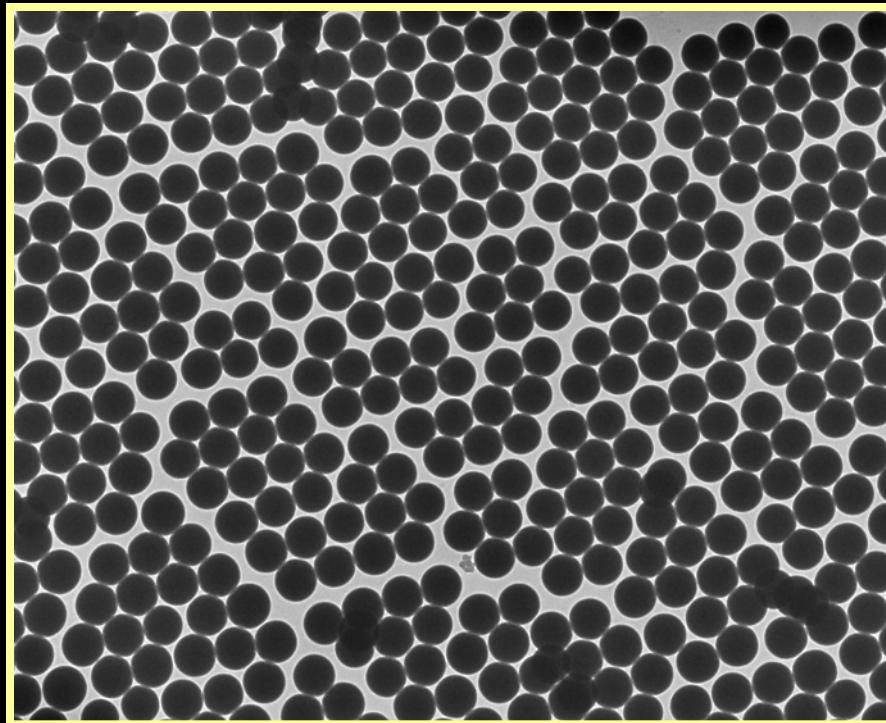


$$N_{PS} = \frac{[m - m_{Si}] * 10^{21}}{(\pi/6)(D_n)_{TEM}^3 \rho}$$



# Styrene emulsion polymerization

What happens in the presence of Stöber silica



Stöber and coll., *Colloid Interface Sci.* **1968**, 26, 62

Kang and coll., *Polymer* **2001** 42, 879

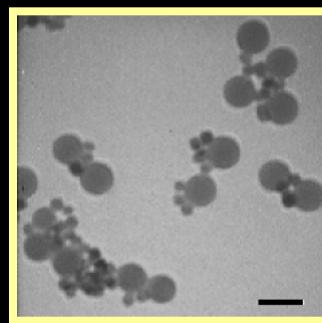
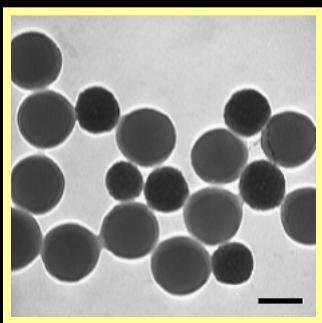
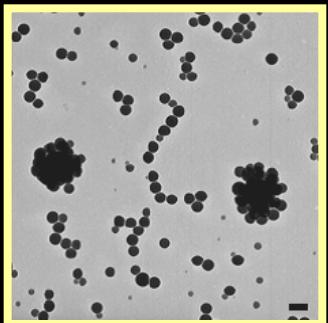
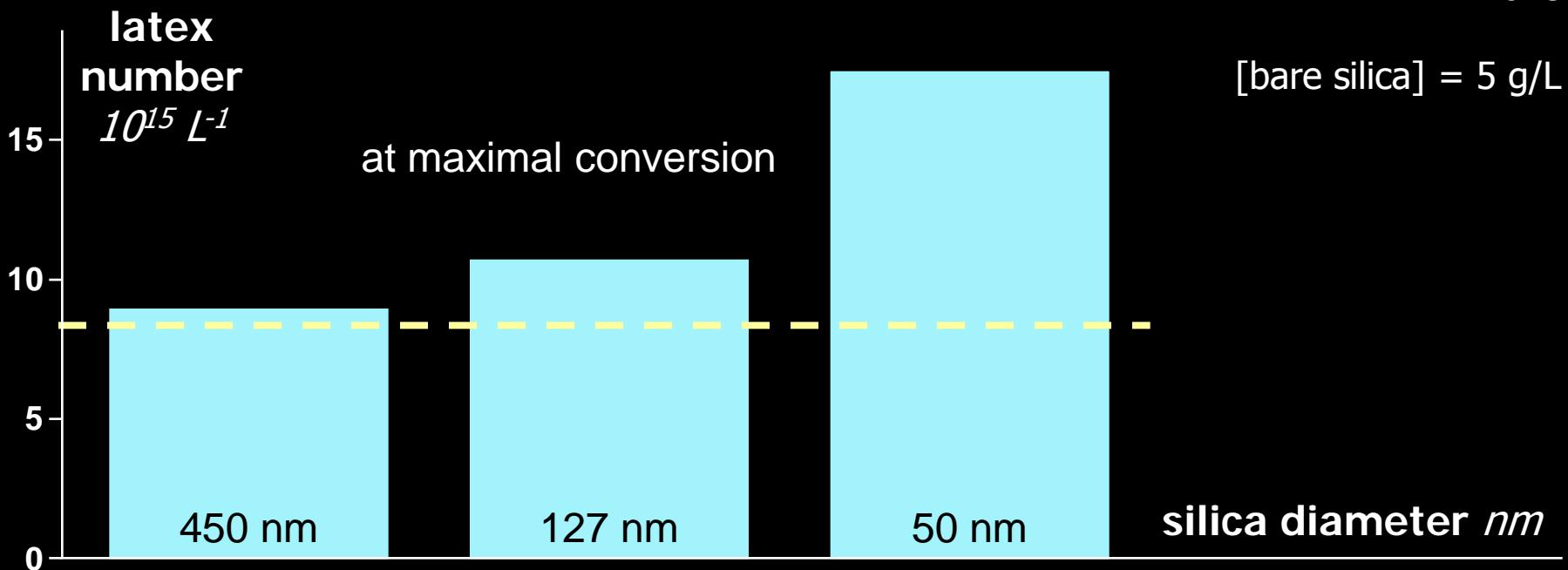


# Styrene emulsion polymerization

What happens in the presence of Stöber silica

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[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
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T = 70°C

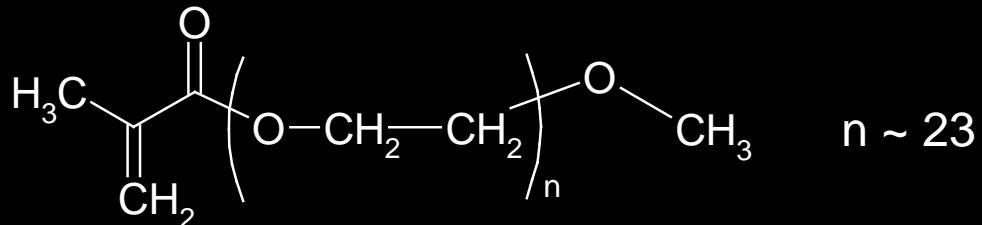


time : 120 min  
conversion ~20 %  
scale bar : 200 nm



# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

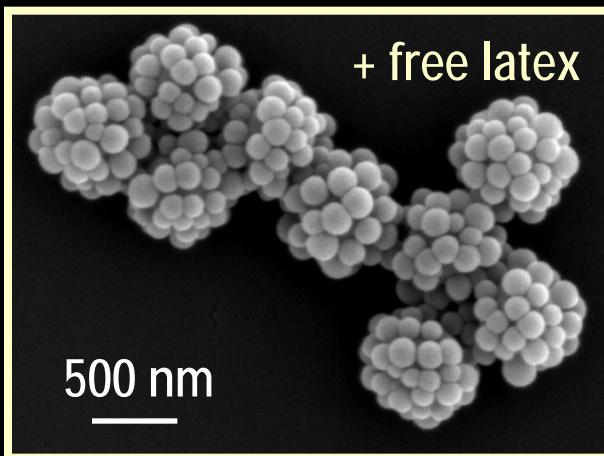
## Macromonomer pre-adsorption onto Stöber silica



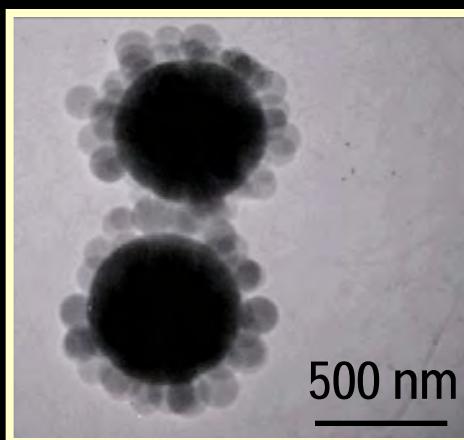
experimental

[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
T = 70°C

500-nm silica  
[silica] = 10 g/L  
[macrom.] = 0.1 g/L  
conversion ~30 %



SEM



TEM

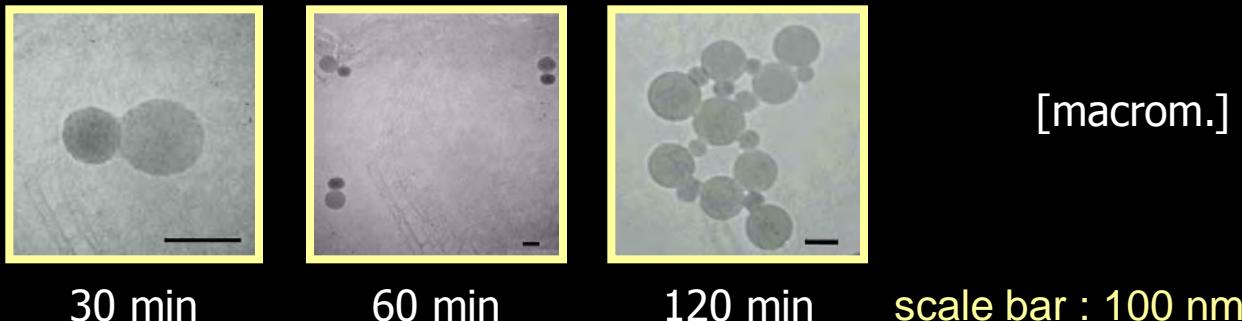
**raspberry-like silica/PS particles**



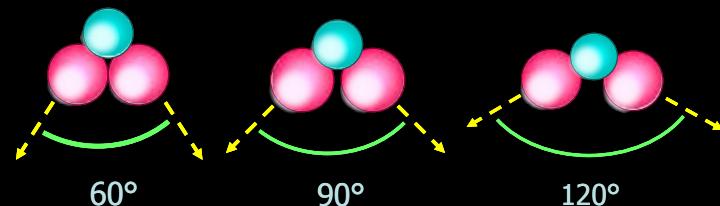
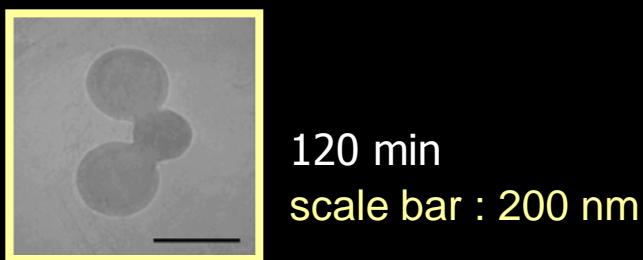
# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

Influence of silica concentration:  $N_{PS/Si} = N_{PS} / N_{Si}$  ?

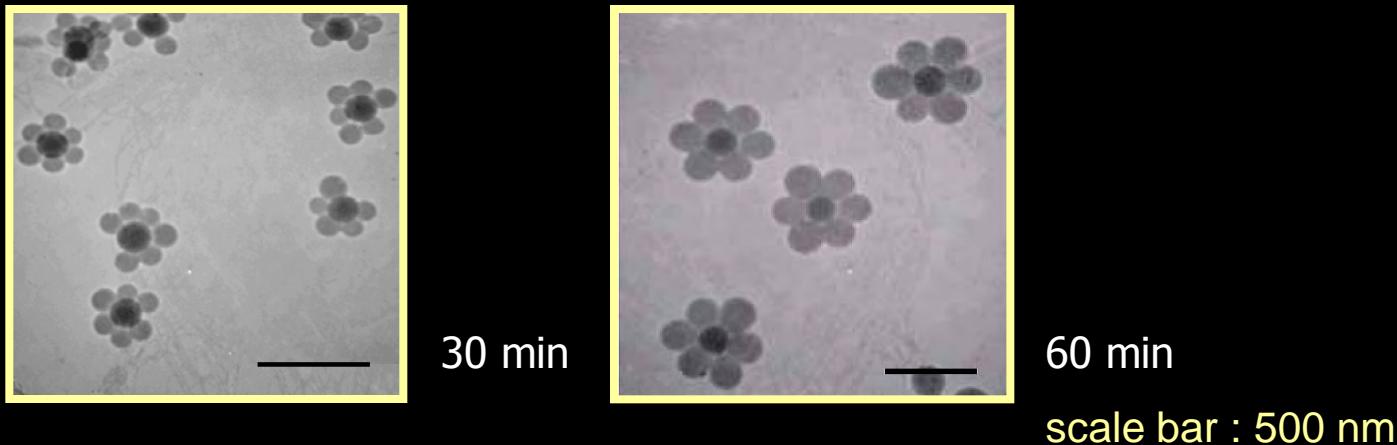
$N_{Si}/N_{PS} = 1$   
silica 64 nm  
[silica] = 4.6 g/L



$N_{Si}/N_{PS} = 1/2$   
silica 93 nm  
[silica] = 7.5 g/L



$N_{Si}/N_{PS} = 1/6$   
silica 127 nm  
[silica] = 4.8 g/L



experimental  
[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
T = 70°C

[macrom.] = 0.1 g/L

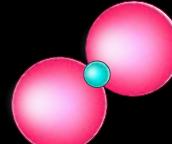
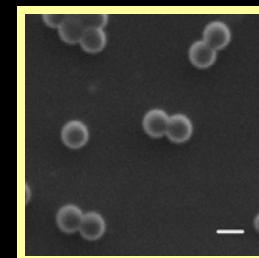
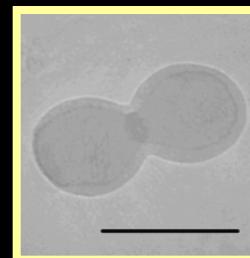
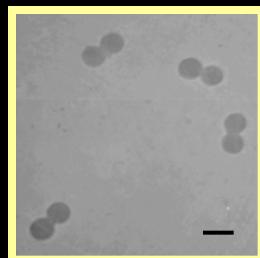


# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

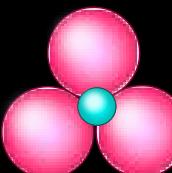
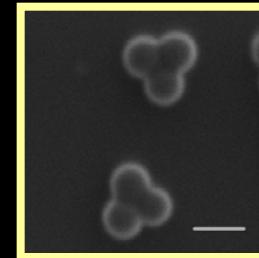
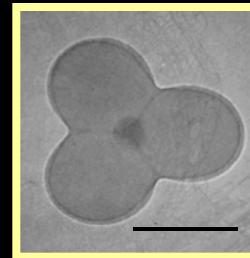
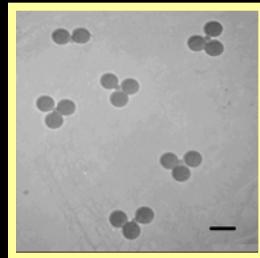
experimental  
idem

## Influence of silica size ( $N_{Si} \ll N_{PS}$ )

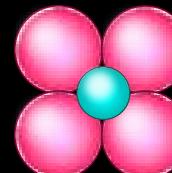
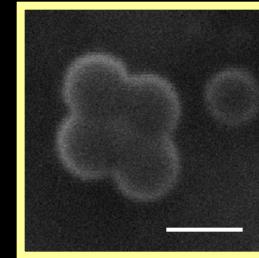
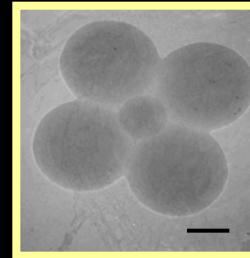
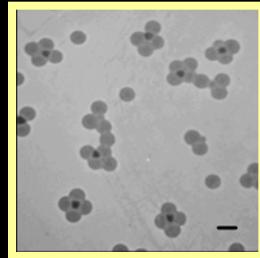
silica 42 nm  
[silica] = 0.2 g/L  
120 min



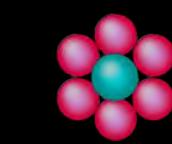
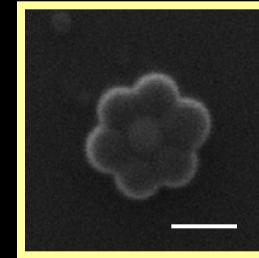
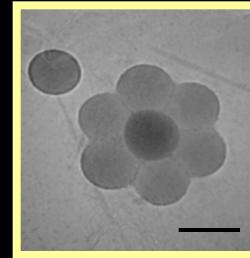
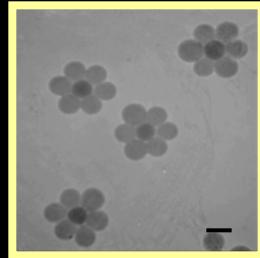
silica 64 nm  
[silica] = 0.5 g/L  
120 min



silica 85 nm  
[silica] = 1.2 g/L  
90 min



silica 127 nm  
[silica] = 3.2 g/L  
60 min



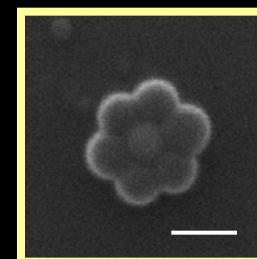
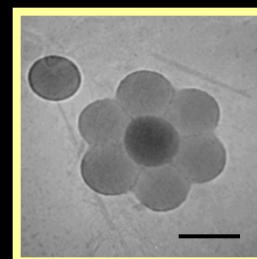
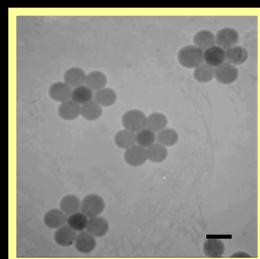


# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

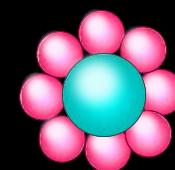
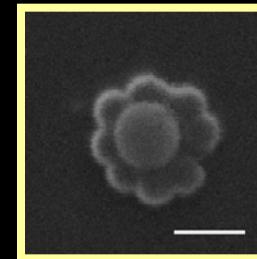
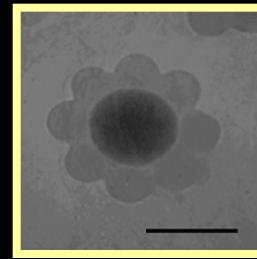
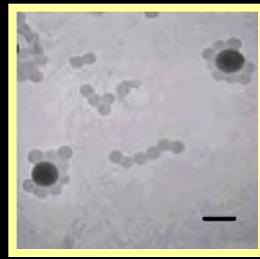
experimental  
idem

## Influence of silica size ( $N_{Si} < N_{PS}$ )

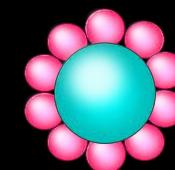
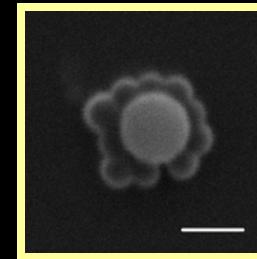
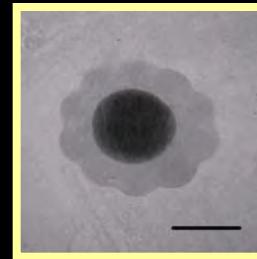
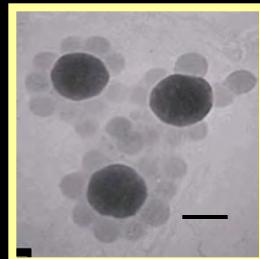
silica 127 nm  
[silica] = 3.2 g/L  
60 min



silica 170 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
25 min



silica 212 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
20 min



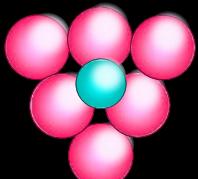
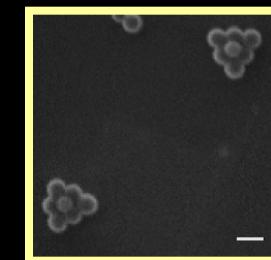


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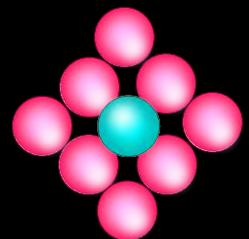
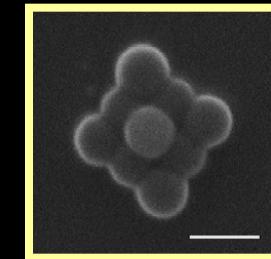
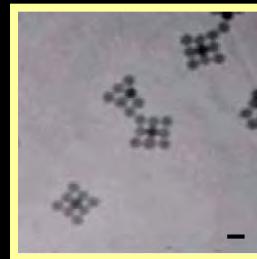
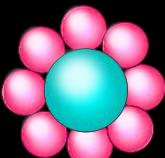
experimental  
idem

## Influence of conversion ( $N_{Si} < N_{PS}$ )

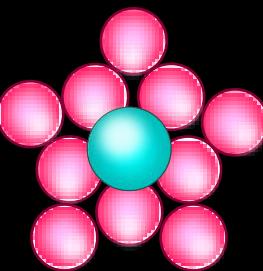
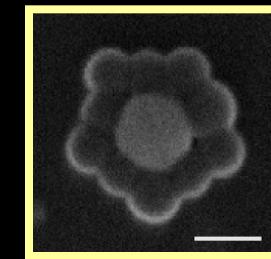
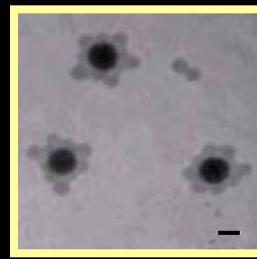
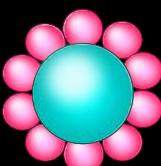
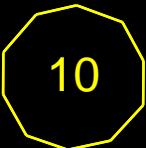
silica 127 nm  
[silica] = 3.2 g/L  
60 min



silica 170 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
25 min



silica 212 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
20 min

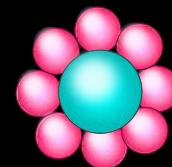


Are our colloids really planar ?

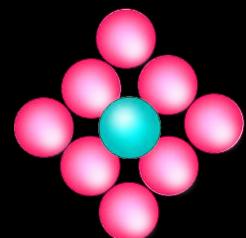
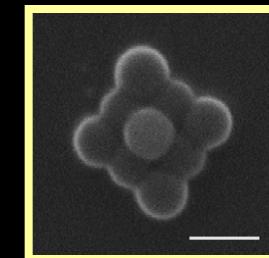
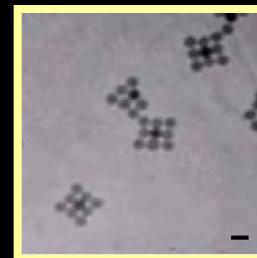


# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

silica 170 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
25 min



120 min

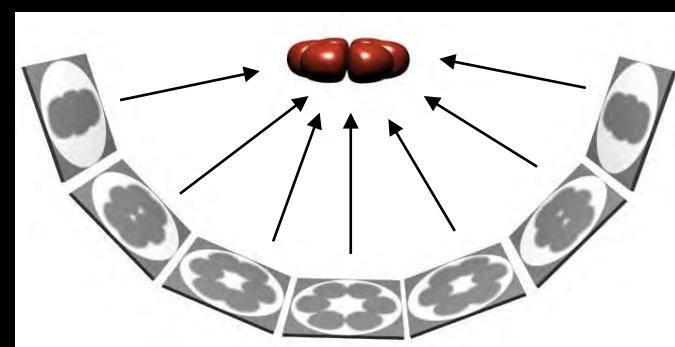
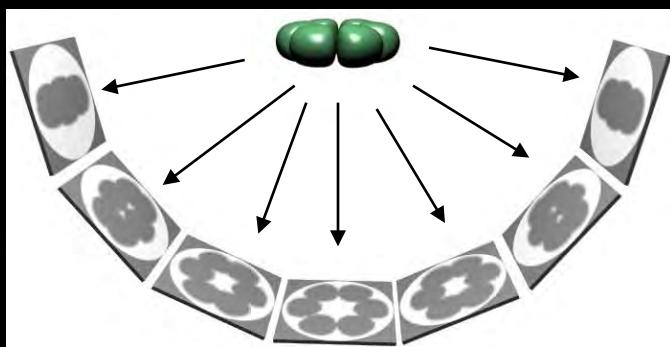


## Electronic tomography

acquisition of tilt series  
from  $-60^\circ$  to  $+60^\circ$  every  $2^\circ$



3D-reconstruction  
from these projections

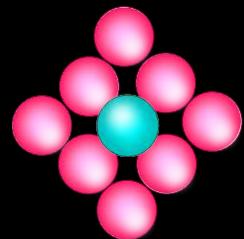
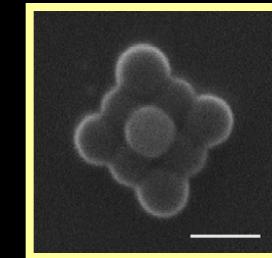
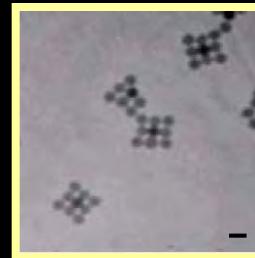
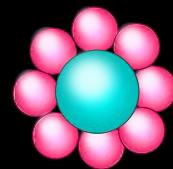




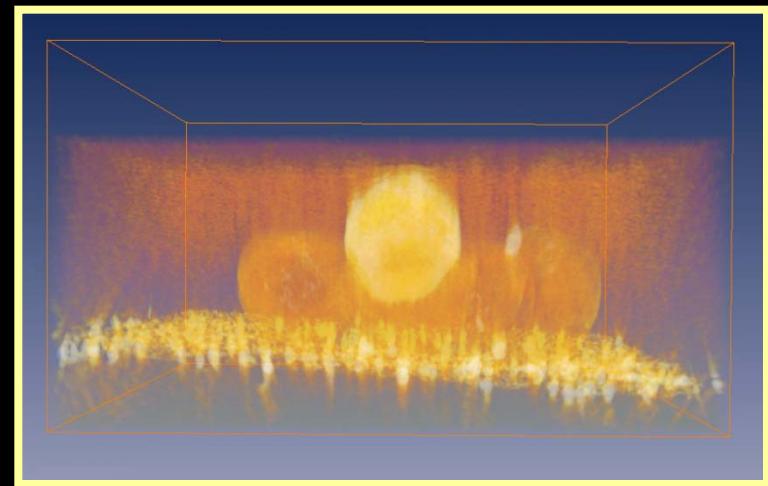
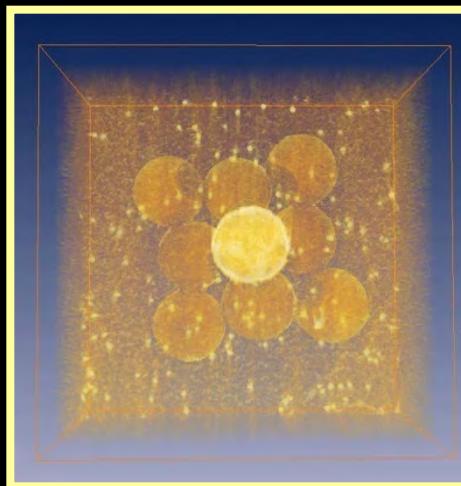
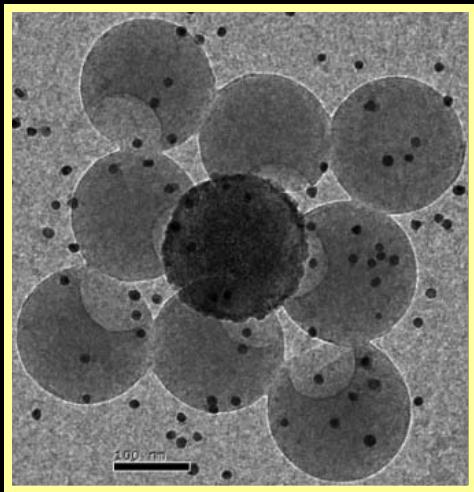
# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

120 min

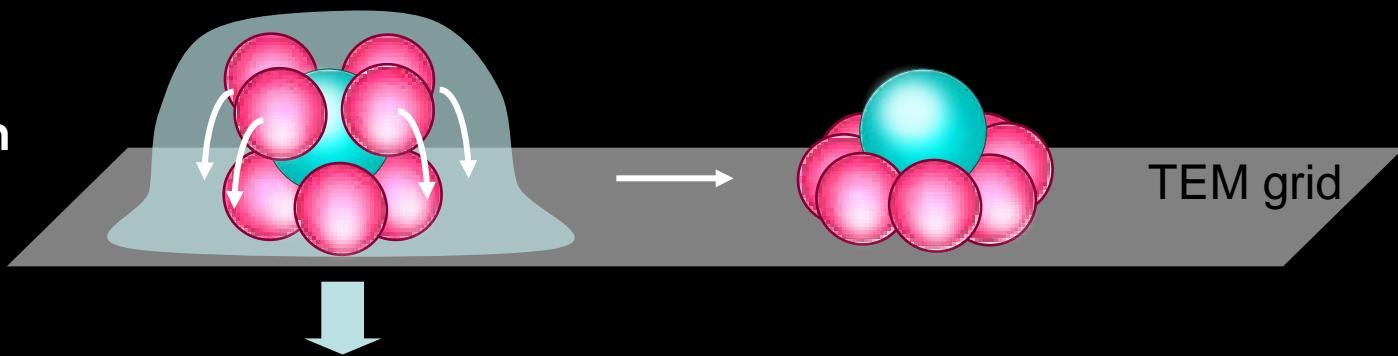
silica 170 nm  
[silica] = 4.7 g/L  
25 min



## Electronic tomography



## Falling-in mechanism

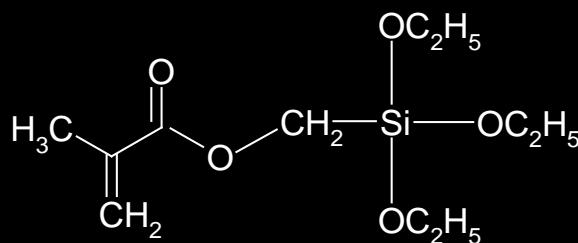


TEM grid



# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

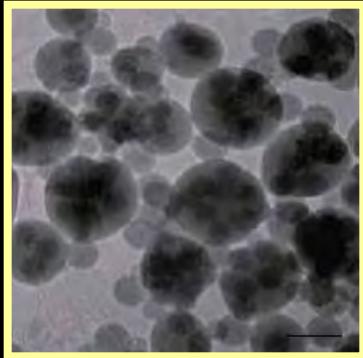
## Silane surface treatment of “Stöber” silica



methacryloxyethyltriethoxysilane (MMS)

### Silane-saturated surface

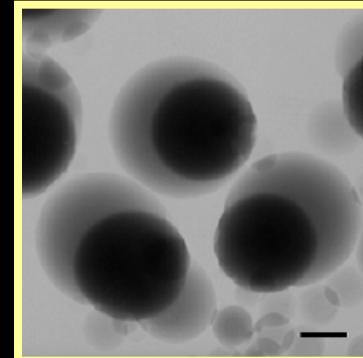
50 nm



127 nm



450 nm



scale bar : 200 nm

*experimental*

[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
T = 70°C

[silica] = 10 g/L  
[silane] = 16.6 µmol/m<sup>2</sup>  
conversion ~20 %



# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

## Silane unsaturated surface

*experimental*

[styrene] = 100 g/L  
[NP30] = 20\*CMC  
[Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>] = 0.5 g/L  
T = 70°C

85 nm  
1.2 g/L

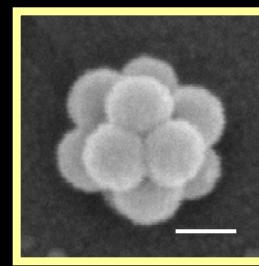
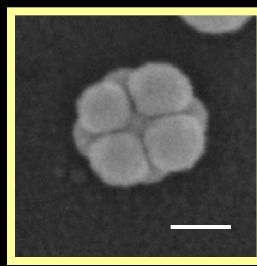
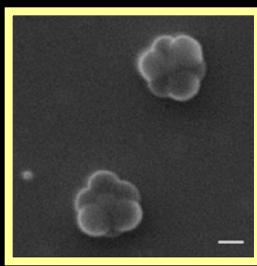
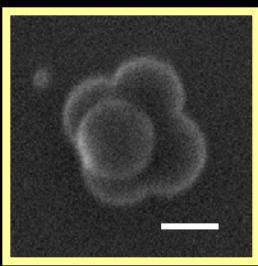
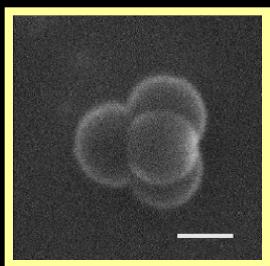
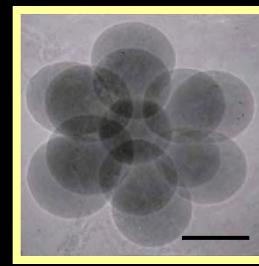
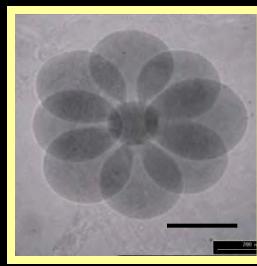
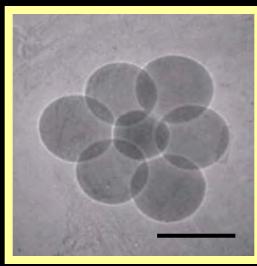
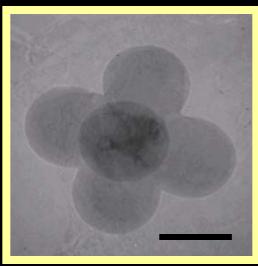
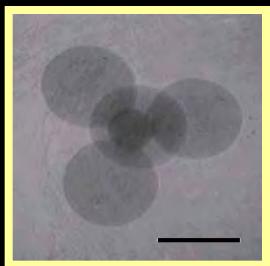
106 nm  
2.0 g/L

127 nm  
3.2 g/L

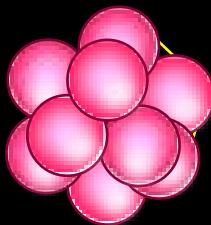
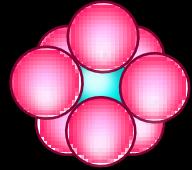
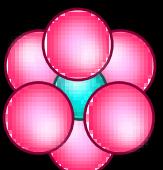
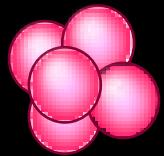
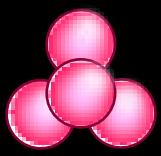
170 nm  
4.7 g/L

255 nm  
4.7 g/L

[silica] = 10 g/L  
[silane] = 1.66 µmol/m<sup>2</sup>  
conversion ~20 %  
120 min



scale bar :  
200 nm





# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

## About $(D_n)_{Si}$ and $N_{PS/Si}$ correlation

Minimization of the energy of n points whose positions are unconstrained on the surface of a sphere:

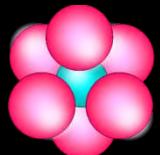
$$E_P = \sum_i^n \frac{1}{2} |x_i|^2 - \sum_i^n \sum_{j < i} x_{ij}$$

attraction towards  
the centre of the sphere

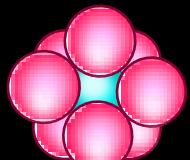
two-body  
particle repulsions

Battye *et al.*, *J. Math. Phys.* 2003 44, 3532

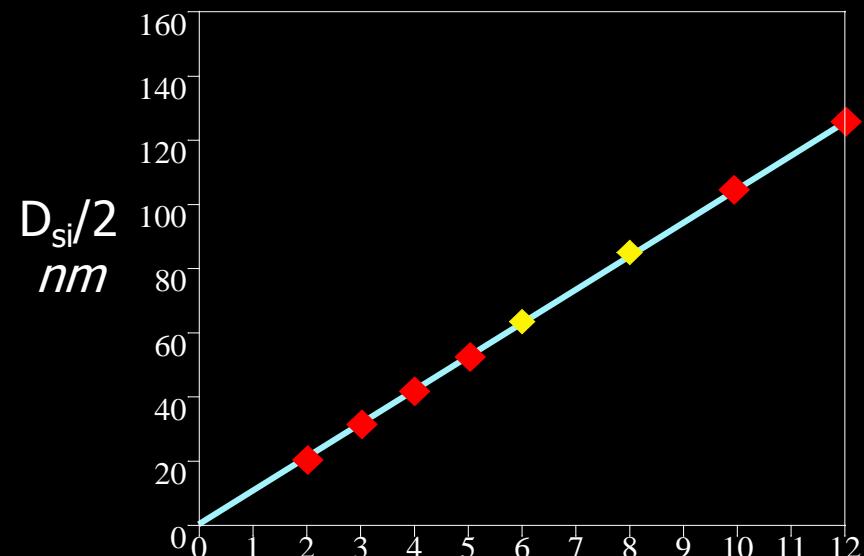
$$\frac{D_{Si}}{2} = K \left( \frac{2N_{PS/Si}}{3} - \frac{1}{2N_{PS/Si}} \right)$$



$D_{Si} = 127 \text{ nm} ; N_{PS/Si} = 6$



$D_{Si} = 170 \text{ nm} ; N_{PS/Si} = 8$



Duguet *and coll.*, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* 2009 48, 361

$N_{PS/Si}$



# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

About  $(D_n)_{Si}$  and  $N_{PS/Si}$  correlation

scale bar :  
200 nm

42 nm

0.2 g/L

64 nm

0.5 g/L

85 nm

1.2 g/L

106 nm

2.0 g/L

127 nm

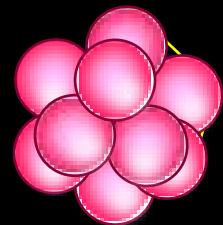
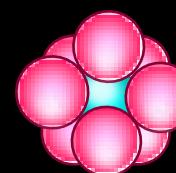
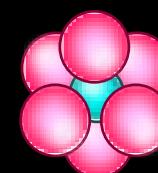
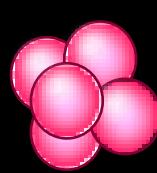
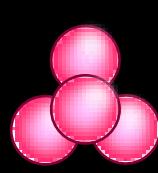
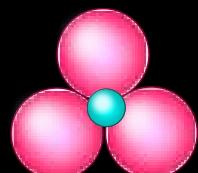
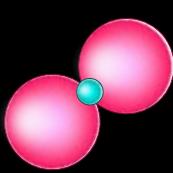
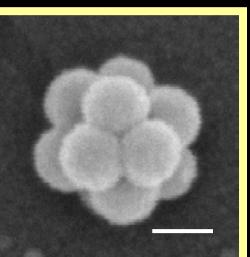
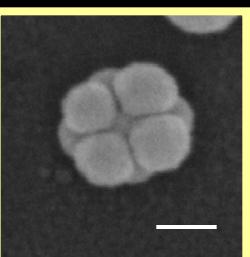
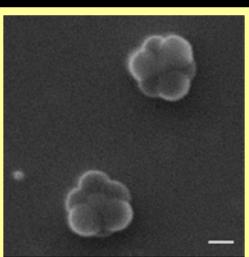
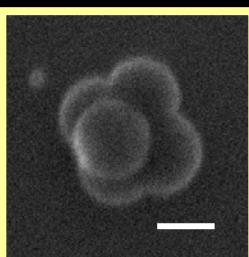
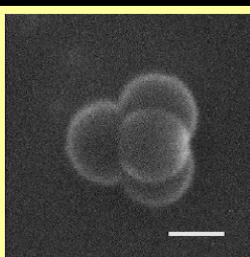
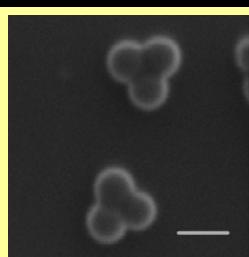
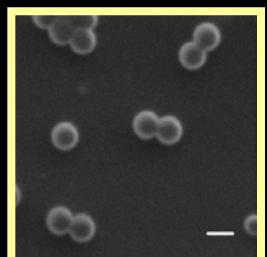
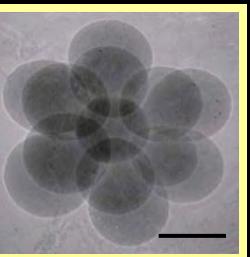
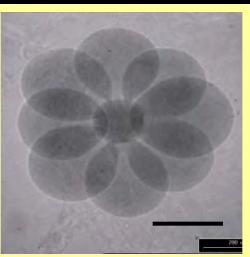
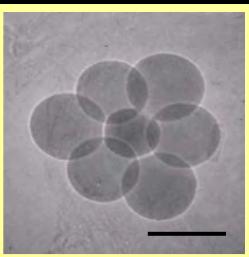
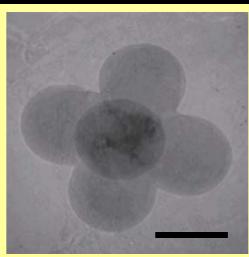
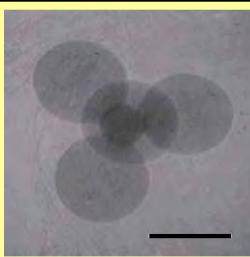
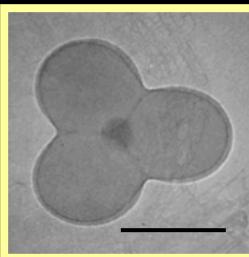
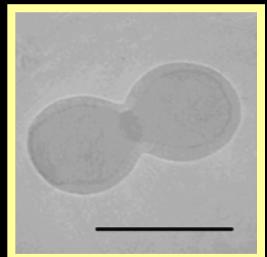
3.2 g/L

170 nm

4.7 g/L

255 nm

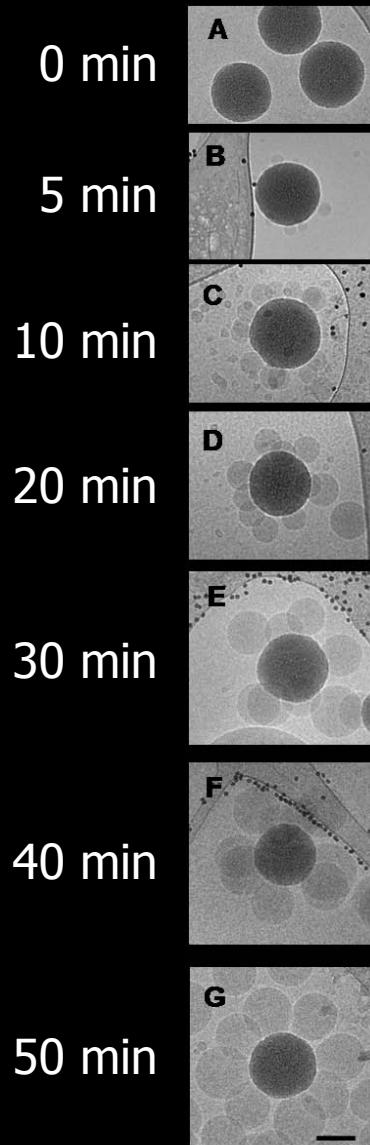
4.7 g/L





# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

Cryo-TEM / tomography for nucleation/growth study

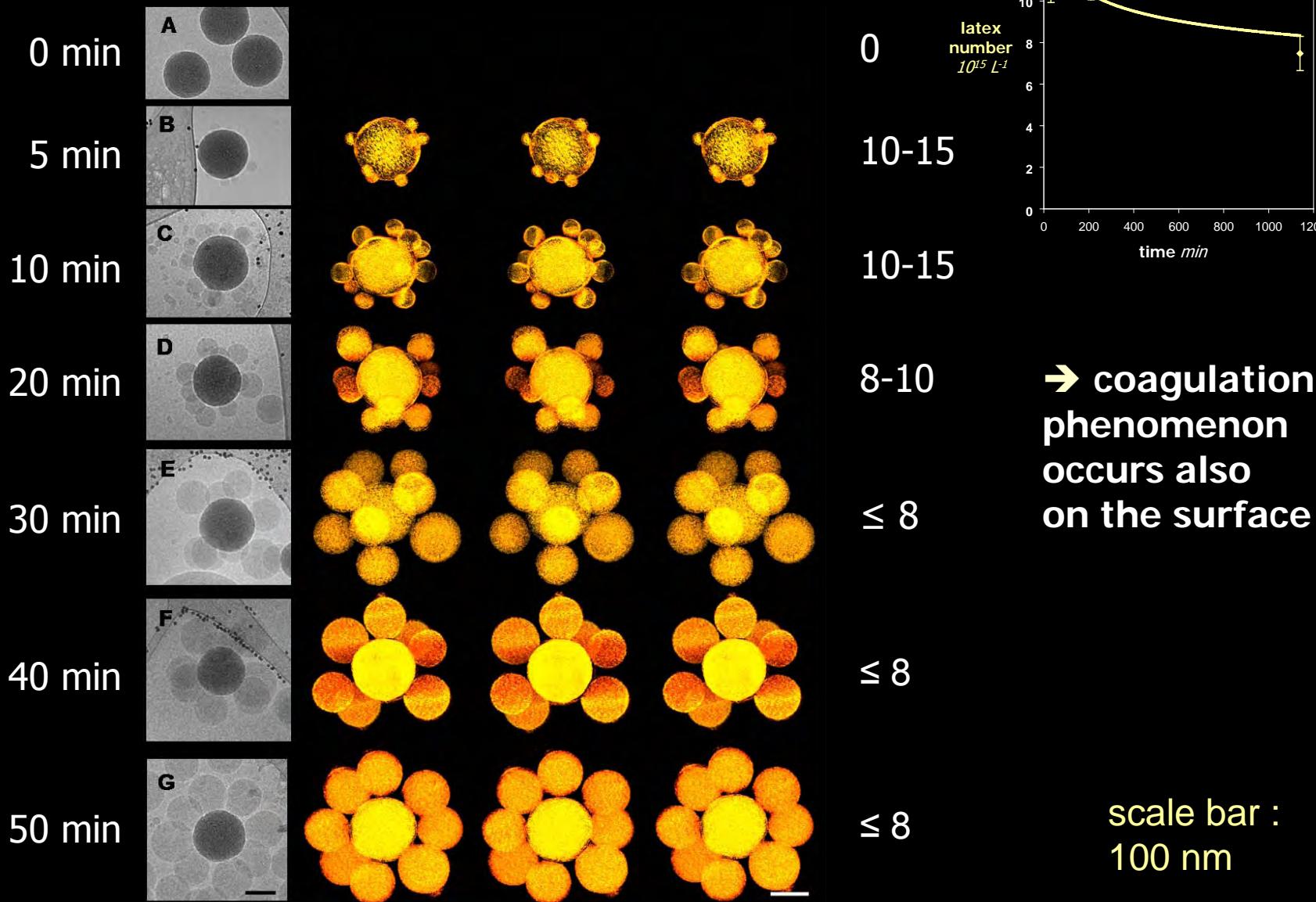


scale bar :  
100 nm



# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

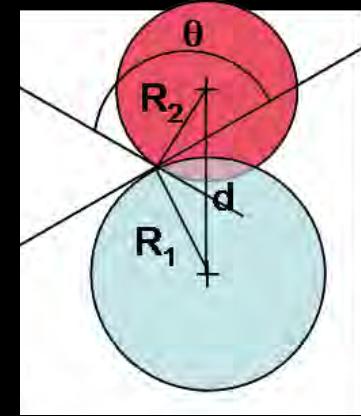
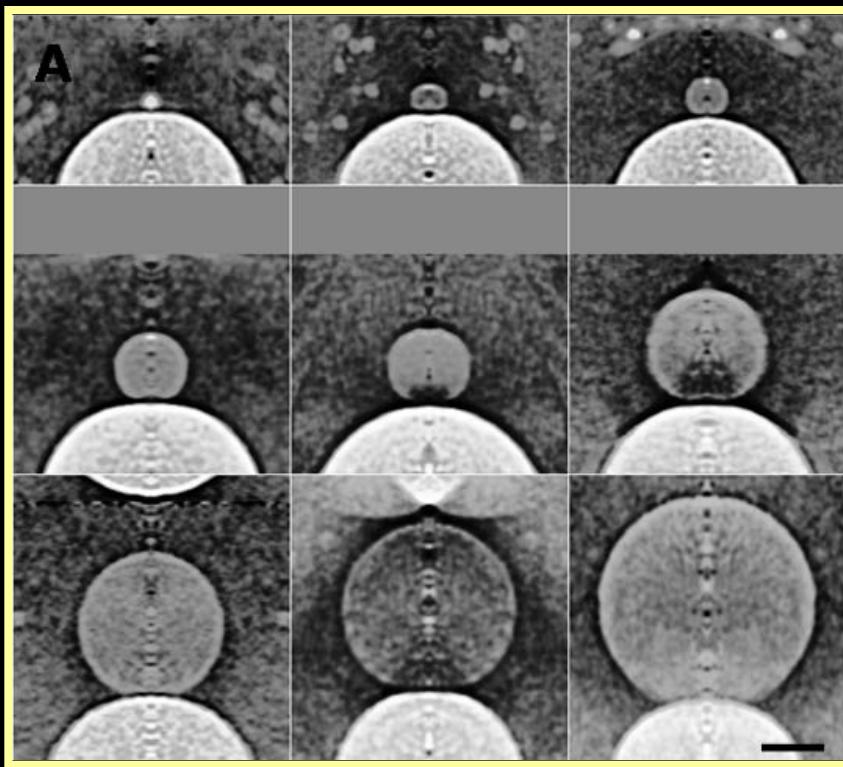
Cryo-TEM / tomography for nucleation/growth study





# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

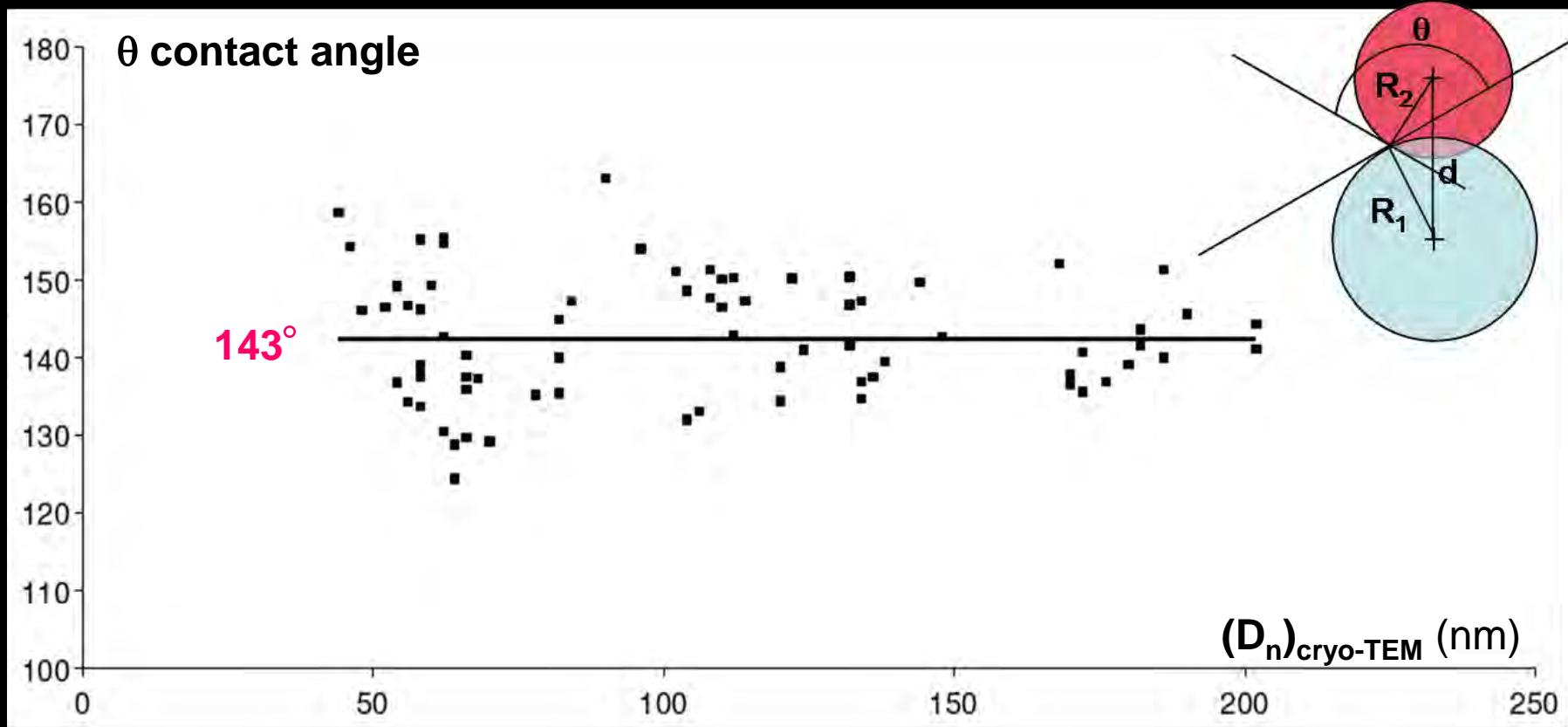
Cryo-TEM / tomography for nucleation/growth study





# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

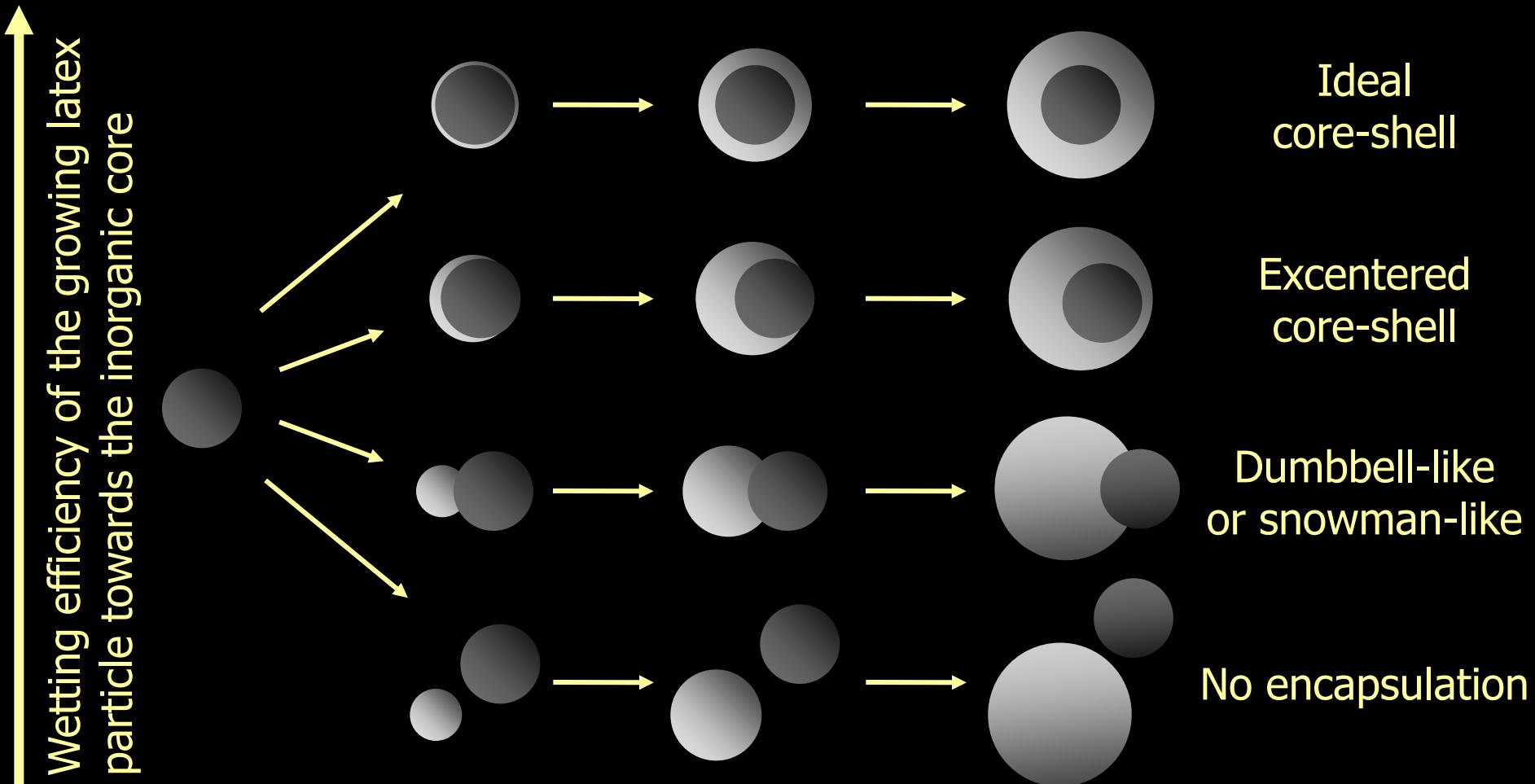
Cryo-TEM / tomography for nucleation/growth study





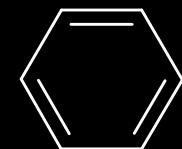
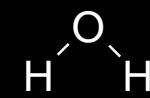
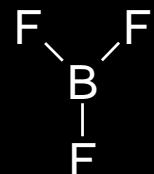
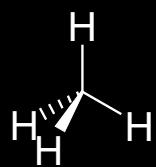
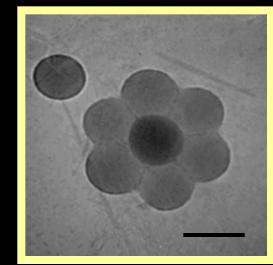
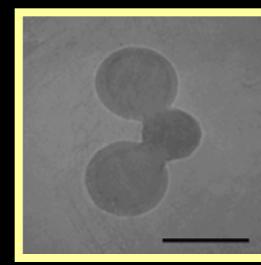
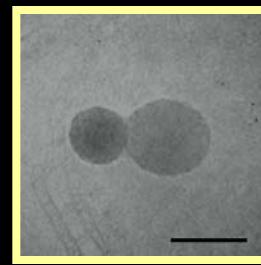
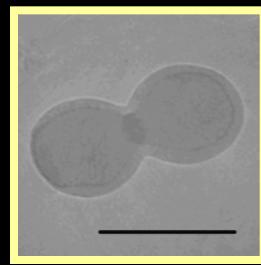
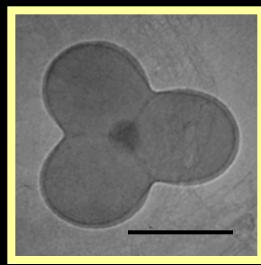
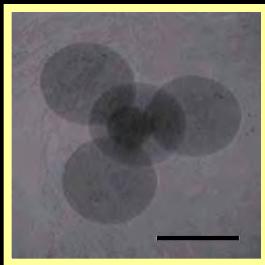
# Styrene seeded-emulsion polymerization

Cryo-TEM / tomography for nucleation/growth study



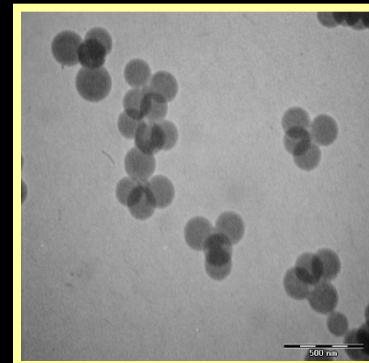
# Summary

- ✿ Hybrid structured nanoparticles with original 3-D morphologies
- ✿ Planar morphologies may result from 3-D particles instability
- ✿ Cryo-TEM / tomography is a powerful characterization tool



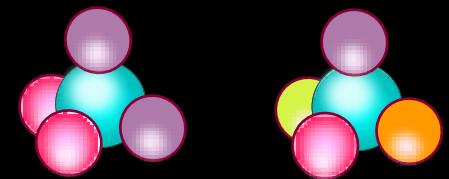
# Efforts in progress

- ✿ High yields of regular morphologies



> 90 %

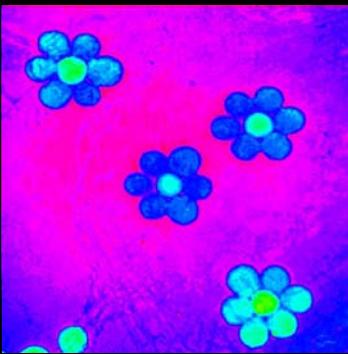
- ✿ Complete bestiary of colloidal molecules made of a single central atom



- ✿ Study of colloid interactions

- ✿ Colloid packing into photonic crystals

# Acknowledgements



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